ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1948

Health Department Council Offices, Freshfield Road, FORMBY.

August, 1949.

To the Chairman and Members of Formby Urban District Council.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit my Annual Report on the Health and Sanitary conditions of your district for 1948.

The Urban District of Formby is situated on the estuary of the Mersey, north of the River Alt, and approximately mid-way between Liverpool and Southport. It has on its southern, eastern and northern boundaries agricultural land throughout their entire length. The greater portion of the eastern boundary is formed by Downholland Brook, which empties into the River Alt, and this brook takes practically the whole of the surface water drainage of the district. The district is rather scattered, and the chief development is on the eastern side of the L.M.& S.Railway, which runs through the centre of the district due north and south.

The configuration of the district is flat and the sub-soil is drift sand.

The major portion of the land in the district is as yet undeveloped, and this provides abundance of open space. There are two golf clubs in the district, comprising 555 acres, a football field and a cricket field which, along with other areas, have been scheduled as open spaces in the Council's Town Planning Scheme.

On the open space known as No.5 in the Town Planning Scheme a very artistic pavilion and public conveniences have been erected, a bowling green and miniature golf course have been constructed and pitches set aside for football and cricket. Tennis courts are to be laid in the near future.

This open space is close to Formby Station and its boundaries are:on the North - Duke Street; on the West - Kings Road; on the South Phillips Lane and on the East - Duke's Farm. Its area is approximately
12 acres.

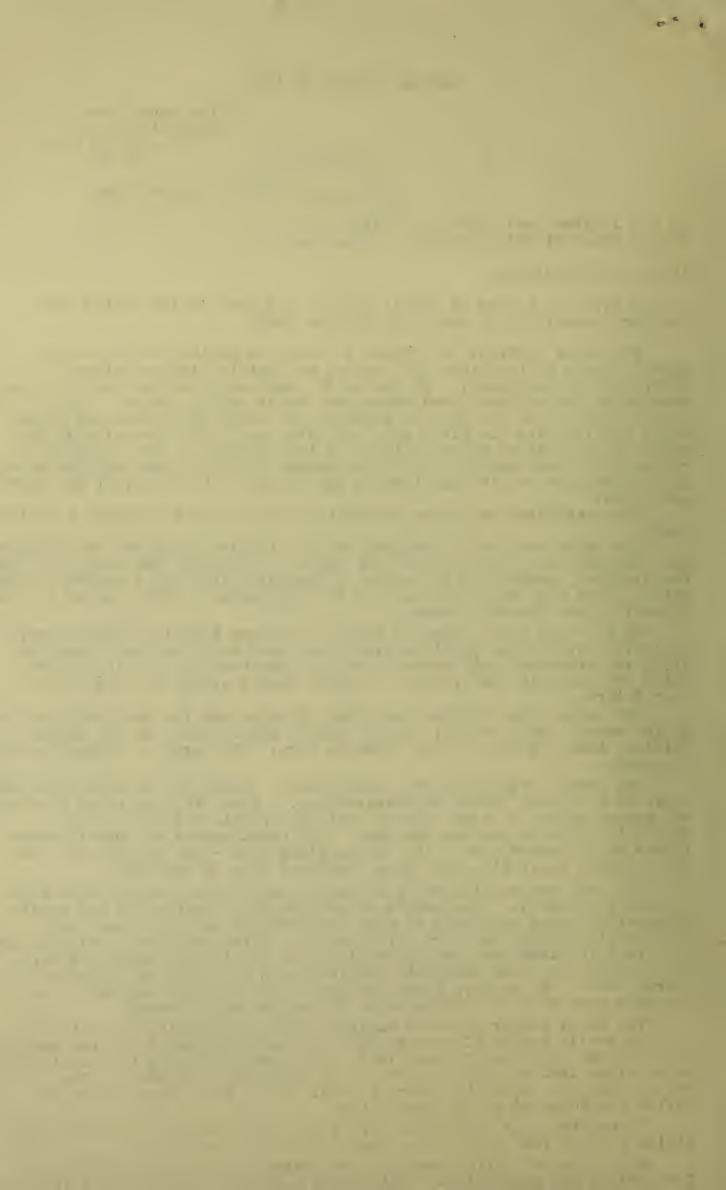
The social conditions are fairly good. There are no slum areas but there is a certain amount of overcrowding. There is a definite shortage of houses which, as time goes on, will be greatly relieved by the Council's proposed Housing Schemes. The total number of Council houses is now 102, Parlour type - 14; non-parlour type - 88, and 17 huts on the Woodvale R.A.F Site have been converted into 34 dwellings.

The Acts and Regulations relating to Infectious Diseases have been carefully followed. The hospital accommodation provided by the Bootle Corporation under agreement is very satisfactory and the removal of patients is carried out very efficiently. This Agreement terminated on the 4th July, 1948 when the National Health Service Act came into force. The district has been carefully inspected and the sanitary condition is fairly good. Of course, there are faults and a great many have been, and many more will be eliminated as the sewers are extended.

The total number of cases notified under the proviso to Article 5 of the Public Health (Infectious Diseases Regulations) 1927, the Measles and Whooping Cough Regulations 1940 and the Public Health (Tuberculosis) Regulations 1930 was 132, a decrease of 97 on the year 1947. The average for the past five years is 138.4 and a rate for the year of 13.708 per thousand of the population.

During the year 135 births were registered (70 males and 65 females) giving a birth rate of 14.0 per thousand of the population.

Last year the births numbered 134 giving a birth rate of 15.0 per thousand of the population. This shows a decrease for the year 1948 of 1.0 per thousand of the population. -1



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The number of deaths during the year numbered 101 (51 males, 50 females) giving a death rate of 10.5 per thousand of the population. This shows a decrease for 1948 of 1.0 per thousand of the population, as last year the deaths numbered 103 giving a death rate of 11.5. The birth rate exceeds the death rate by 3.5 per thousand of the population and the average age at death (infants under 12 months excluded) was 71.38.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen, Your obedient Servant, M.G.GARRY.

Urban District of Formby.

The Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year 1948 Statistics and Social Conditions of the Area.

Area in Acres: L.W.Mark 7,308 H.W.Mark 5,613. Population (Census 1931): - 7,957 Registrar-General's estimate of population (middle 1948: -)9,576.

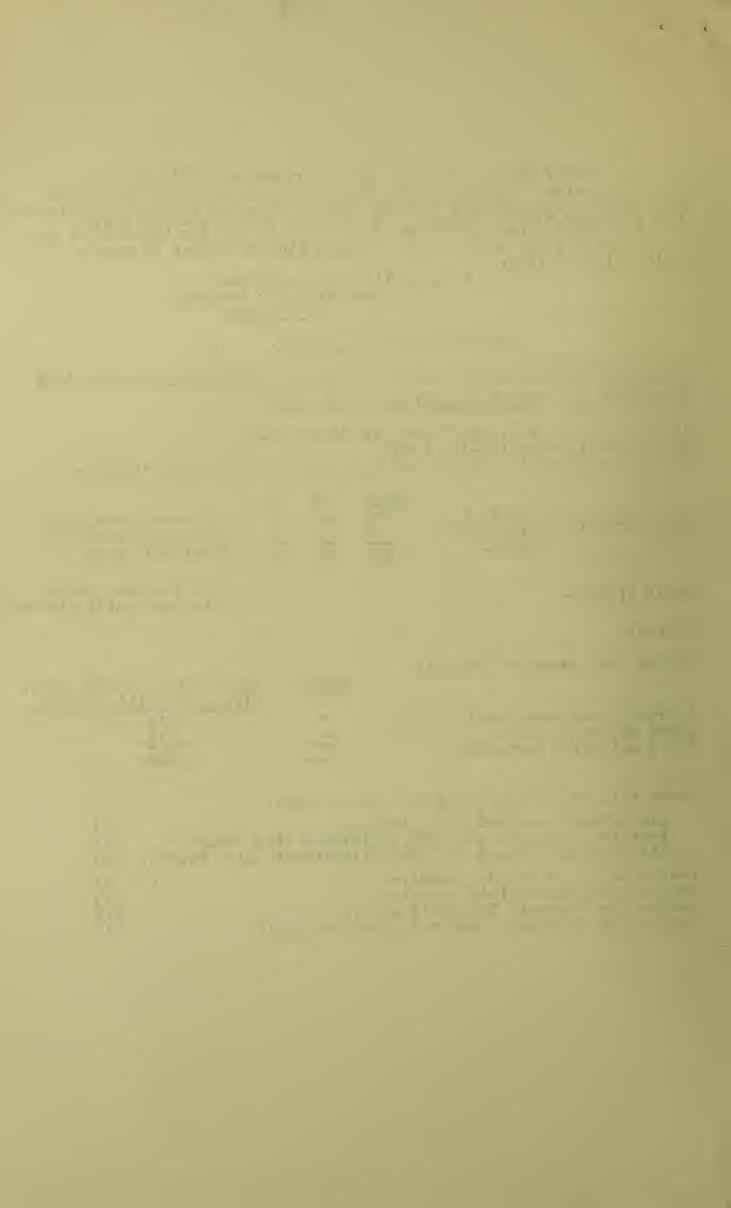
Live Births:-	Legitimate Illegitimate Total:-	Total 132 3 135	M. 68 2 70	<u>F</u> . 64 <u>1</u> 65	Birth-rate per 1000 estimated population mid-1948:- 14.0
Still Births:-		4	3	1	Rate per 1000 total (live and still births-28
Deaths:-		10	5	50	

Deaths from puerperal causes:-

	Deatns	(live and still) births.
Puerperal and post-abortive sepis Other maternal causes Total maternity mortality.		Nil Nil Nil

Death rate of infants under one year of age:-

All intants per 1000 live pirtns:-	14
Legitimate infants per 1000 legitimate live births:-	15
Illegitimate infants per 1000 illegitimate live births:-	Nil
Deaths from Cancer (all ages):-	12
Deaths from Measles (all ages):-	Nil
Deaths from Whooping Cough(all ages):-	Nil
Deaths from Diarrhoea (under 2 years of age):-	Nil



Population:For birth-rate) 9576
For death-rate)

Mean of 5 years 1942-1946

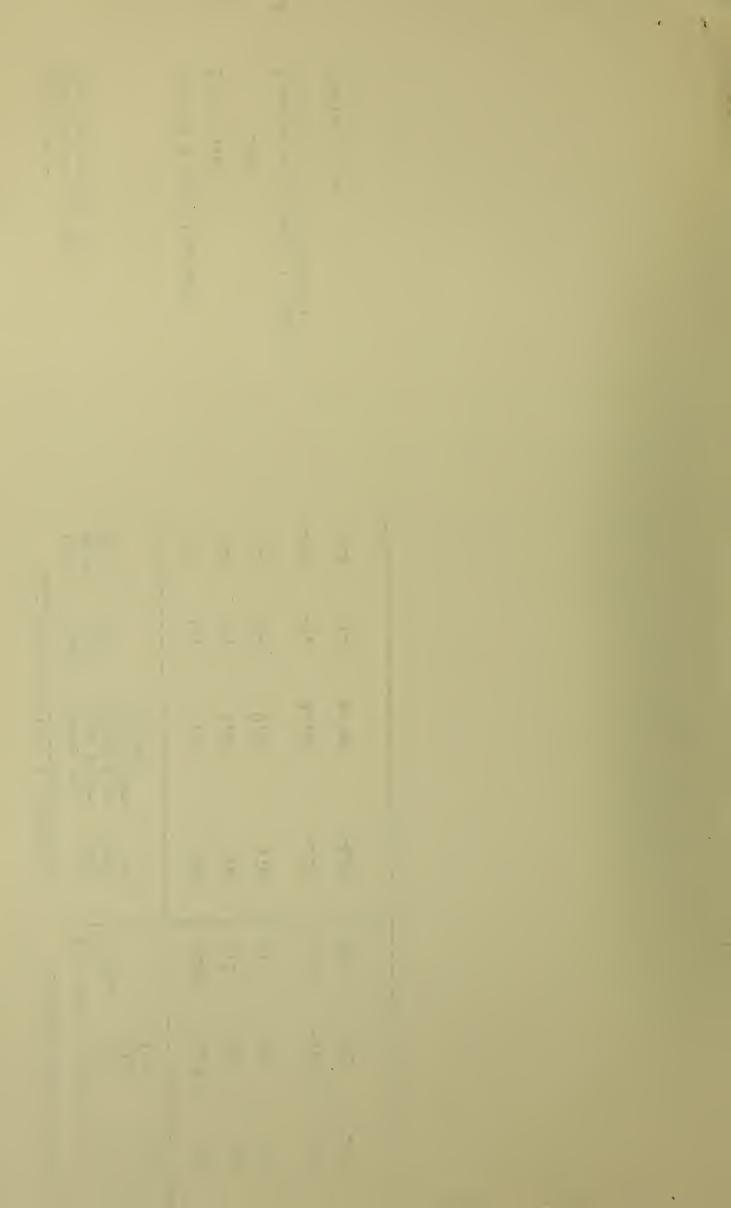
1948

Year:- 1947

Increase or decrease in 1947 on 5 years avera(e 1942-1946:-

Previous year

-1.0	-3.0	14.0	15.0	17.0	Live Birth Rate	Per
-1.0	ව	10.5	11.5	13.7		Per 1000 of
+0.29	+0.29	. 0.62	0.33	0.33	Death rate from tuber-culosis of respiratory system.	estimated nonulation
-0.77	-1 -62	1 2 2 5	2.02	೭.08	Death rate from Cancer	lation
Nil	-1.62	N11	Nil	1.62	Per 1000 live births	M=+01
Ni 1	-1.58	Ni 1	Nil	1.58	1000 Per 1000 total hs (live & still births)	50 T BOX+01
- 15	-37	1 4	ಬ	57	Rate of deaths under 1 year per 1000 live births.	1



GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA

HOSPITALS

Smallpox and Other Infectious Diseases:- There is no Infectious Diseases Hospital in the district. Under the Local Government Act, 1929, Section 63, the Council have entered into a joint agreement between the Urban District Councils of Formby and Litherland on the one part and the Borough of Bootle on the other part. This agreement provides for the reservation of sixteen beds for infectious diseases other than smallpox at the Isolation Hospital, Linacre Lane, Bootle. In the case of smallpox the agreement provides for the reservation of one bed for each ten thousand of the population with a minimum of five beds at the Liverpool Corporation Smallpox Hospital. Sparrow Hall Fazackerley. In both cases additional Smallpox Hospital, Sparrow Hall Fazackerley. In both cases additional beds are to be provided subject to the necessary accommodation being

Details of charges under the agreement with Bootle Corporation for all notifiable diseases other than smallpox and for smallpox, are as follows:-

Retaining Fee (Smallpox) £2 per thousand of the population with a minimum of £10. Fee paid for the year 1948:- £16.0.0d

Maintenance in Hospital (Smallpox) £4.4.0d per week plus cost of conveyance at the rate of 3/6d per mile calculated according to the distance travelled after the ambulance leaves Liverpool Corporation Depot until its return thereto.

Retaining Fee (Other Infectious Diseases) £90 per annum based upon the capital cost of Bootle Hospital less the capital cost of the Tuberculosis section.

Maintenance in Hospital is £3.3.0d per week, plus cost of conveyance as given below:-

Removal of patients any week day except Saturday, between the hours of 7 a.m. and 3 p.m. and on Saturday between the hours of 7 a.m. and 11 a.m £1.5.0d per journey. Removal of patients at any time other than stated above - £1.17.6d per

This agreement terminated on the 4th July, 1948 when the National Health Service Act, 1946 came into force. Formby comes under the Lancashire County Council Health Division No.7 and patients are moved to any of the Hospitals serving the Divisional Area.

Tuberculosis: - Administered by the County Council. Tuberculosis Dispensary, Ellesmere, Crosby Road North, Waterloo.

There is no Maternity Hospital in the district, but the Maternity:hospitals for the Health Division No.7 are available.

Ambulance Service:-

(a) For infectious cases

(b) For Emergency cases i.e accidents, sudden illness wherever it may

take place and maternity patients.

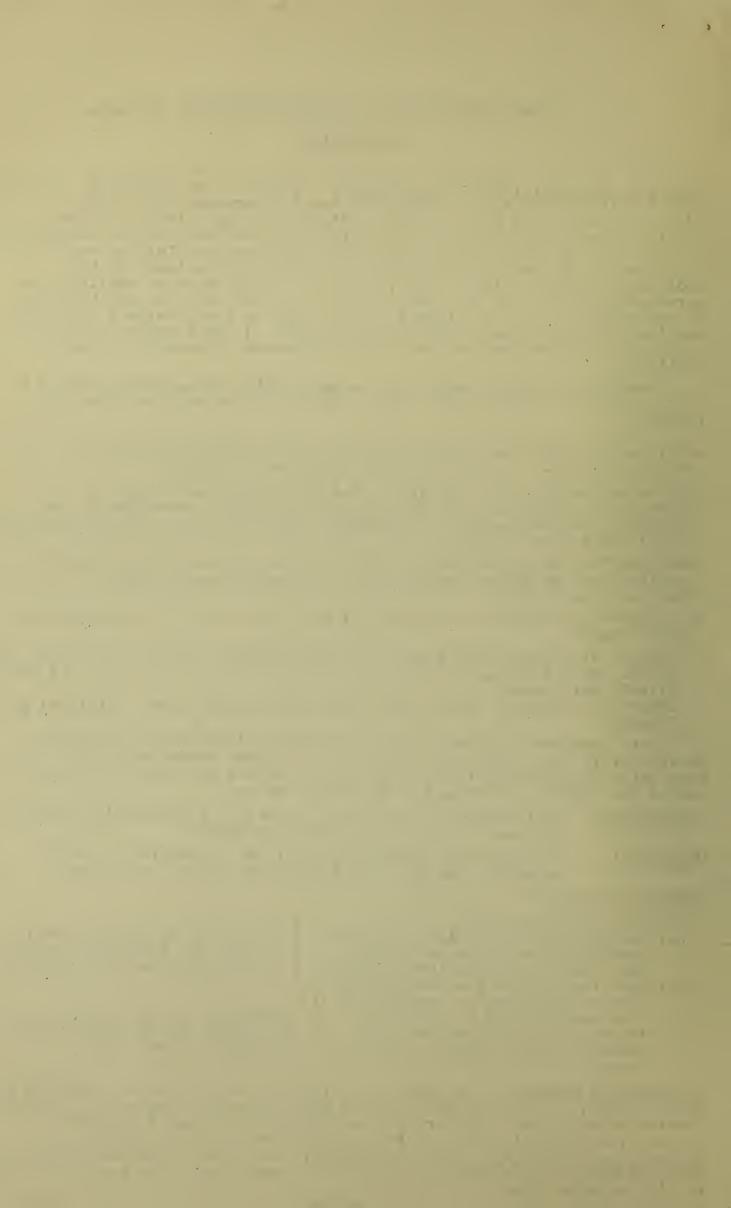
(c) Non-urgent cases i.e. cases which) require transport to hospital or) from one hospital to another or) to out-patient departments and clinics or from hospital to their) houses.

Provided by County Council under the management of the Divisional Health Committee

Ambulance for all services stationed at the Fire Station. Telephone: Formby 127.

Professional Nursing in the Home: The Local Authority has not provided any Home Nursing. There are two District Nurses who work under the District Nursing Association. They are not subsidised by the Local Authority. The District Nurses' address is L-49, Alderson Crescent, Formby. National Assistance Act, 1948. Section.47:- It was not found necessary to take any action under sub-section 3 of the above during the period 5th July to 31st December, 1948.

- 4 -



Midwives:- The number of midwives practising in the district and on the County Register 31.12.48 is four.

Public Assistance Institutions: - There are no Public Assistance Institutions situated in the district. The district of Formby is in the area provided for by the Lancashire County Council, Public Assistance Institution and Infirmary, Ormskirk.

Nursing Homes:- There are three Nursing Homes in the district registered under the Public Health Act, 1936:-

Ivy Bank Bursing Home, Elson Road, Formby

'Bemerside' Victoria Road, Formby'
'Beaconholm' Freshfield Road, Formby.

Laboratary Facilities:-

The City Laboratories. Mount Pleasant, Liverpool.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE DISTRICT

Water Supply.

The water supplied to the district is from the Southport and District Water Board. The sources of supply are four pumping stations with deep wells headings and boreholes sunk in the new red sandstone formation. There are three covered reservoirs which have a combined capacity of 6 million gallons. They are situated at Gorse Hill, Aughton.

The supply is constant and there is little possibility of contamination, and no shortage has been experienced. The water is he and is classified as a Temporary Hard Water, i.e. the hardness can be removed by boiling. Being of a hard nature there is no fear of any The water is hard plumbo-solvent action.

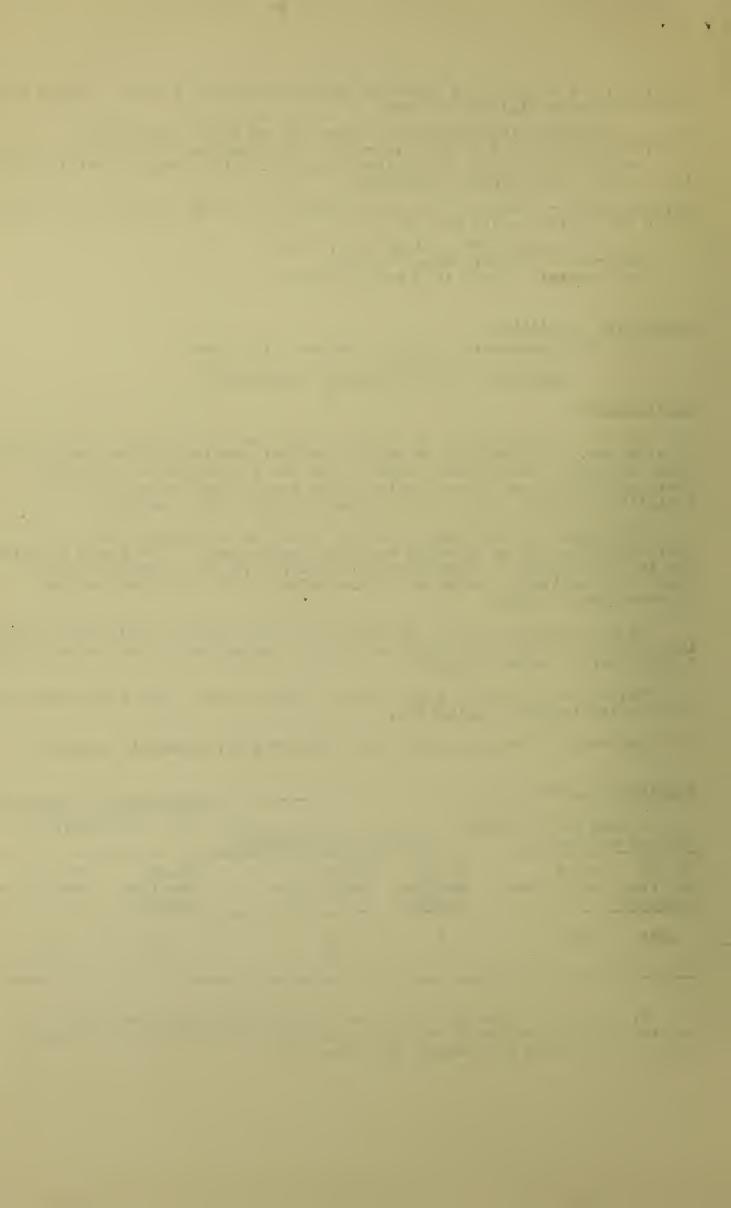
On the outskirts of the district 17 houses procure their water from 13 wells and 2 houses owned by the Railway Company have their water supply brought twice a week in tanks.

Two samples from the mains and one sample from a well were submitted for Bacteriological examination.

Two samples from the mains were submitted for Chemical Analysis.

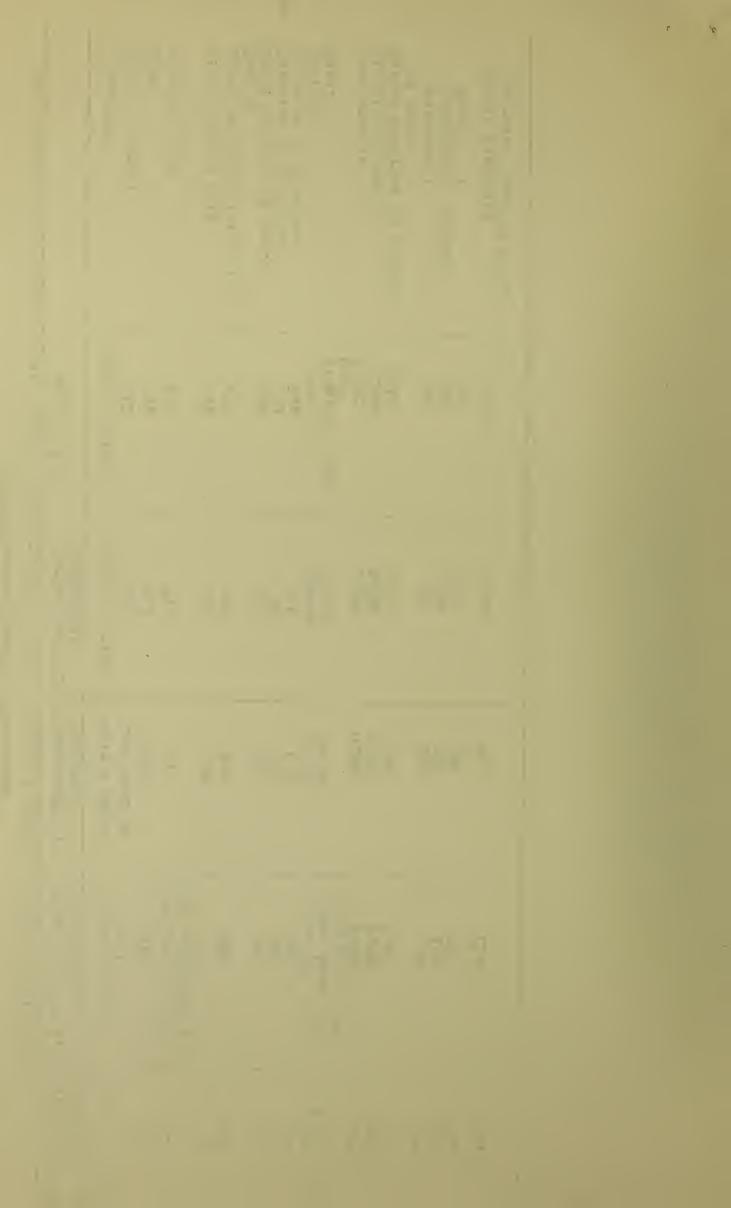
Supplies	to houses				
Annual Landson, and the Control of t	om Public Main		te Supplies ,Springs,etc.		
_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	No.of population.	No.of dwelling houses	ns of standpipe No.of population	No.of dwelling houses.	No. of population
2876	9498	5	16	19	62

Overleaf is a copy of the latest analysis and Bacteriological Examination made on behalf of the Southport and District Water Board of samples taken from the Pumping Stations, etc.



SOUTHPORT AND DISTRICT WATER BOARD

(Total Hardness) Degrees: Clarke's Scale	Permanent) Temporary) Fardness Total	Free Ammonia Albuminoid Ammonia Oxygen absorbed in 4 hrs at 27 deg.C.	Nitrates Metals	Total Solids. 180 deg.C Chlorine in Chlorides Nitrogen in Nitrates	Electric Conductivity at 20	tion P H		Colour (Bazen)	Appearance		Copy of Analysis of Samples t
17.15	245 245	0.000 0.000 0.10	Absent Iron.Less than	315 23	2 9	7.0	IV IV	Nil	Clear & bright	Halsall P.S.	taken from the Pumping
್ ಕು	90 270 360	0.000 0.000	Absent	440 36	660 850	7.2	Ni.		Clear & bright	Springfield P.S (Filtered)	ing Stations etc.
30.1	120 310 430	0.000 0.012 0.55	Absent	520 24	28 7 70	7.2	N; I	t ha n	Clear & bright	Bickerstatte P.S (Filtered)	Chemical Result i
11.9	35 135 170	0.03 Mang.0.08 0.006 0.010 0.25	。 ぴ C	240 25 00	ୟ ଅଧି	On the acid side of neutrality 6.9	Nil	F :	Clear & bright	Blundell House P.S (Filtered)	in Parts per Million.
21.7	310 °C	0.000 0.000	Absent Iron 0.03	410 28	610 88	7.1	Ni.1	N	Clear & bright	14, Portland St. Southport.	And Analysis of the American Company of the Analysis of the An



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The state of the s	(B.Enteritidis Eporogenes) Absent in	Bacillus Welchii Present in	Absen	Coli Present i	days at 37	l day at 37 o	No.of Bactera per C.C. On Agar in 3 days at 20 deg.C	H H
	100 MI	I	100 MI	1	0	0	ಬ	Halsall Lane P.S.
	100 MI	1	100 MI	ı	0	0	0	Springfield P.S (Filtered)
	100 MI	1	100 MI	1	0	0	ಲ	Bickerstaffe P.S (Filtered)
	100 MI	1	LOO MI	ı	0	0	0	Blundell House P.S (Filtered)
The state of the s	100 MI	ı	100 MI	ı	7	0	0	14, Portland St. Southport.

Reports:- The samples were reported as bing clear and bright in appearance and free from metals apart from nagligable traces of iron. They were hard in character but not to an excessive degree and contain no excess of salinity or mineral constituents in solution. They were of the highest standard of organic and bacterial purity.

The results were consistent with pure wholesome water suitable for drinking and domestic purposes.



Streams and Water-Courses. These have been cleansed where necessary by the owners or occupiers of adjoining lands. A certain amount of pollution takes place in the unsewered area of the district due to the percolation and discharge of sewage from cesspools, and during the year it was found necessary to serve three notices to prevent pollution.

Drainage and Sewage Careful attention is given to the drains and sewers, and every complaint is attended to without delay. The Sewage System is by gravitation and Septic Tank treatment. The outfall from the tanks discharges into the sea. The sewers are flushed regularly. All new drains are tested and existing drains are tested when necessary. Drains are flushed when found necessary.

The extension of sewers to the unsewered areas of the District is of vital importance. The Council fully appreciate this necessity, and further extension is contemplated in the near future.

In the sewered area 6 houses have had the drains connected to the sewers and their cesspools abolished, and 34 new houses have been drained to the sewers.

Closet and Ashpit Accommodation. There still exists in the district a number of Privy Middens, Pail Closets and Dry Ashpits. As these are situated chiefly in the unsewered area no definite policy has been laid down for conversions, and each case is treated on its merits.

All new property is provided with fresh W.C's and Sanitary Ashbins made of galvanized iron and fitted with covers.

Privy Middens - Number of middens	20
Number of Closets attached to these Middens	20
Number of Pail Closets	262
Number of fresh water closets	2917
Number of waste water closets	Nil
Number of dry ashpits (excluding middens)	87
Number of moveable ashbins for refuse	2908

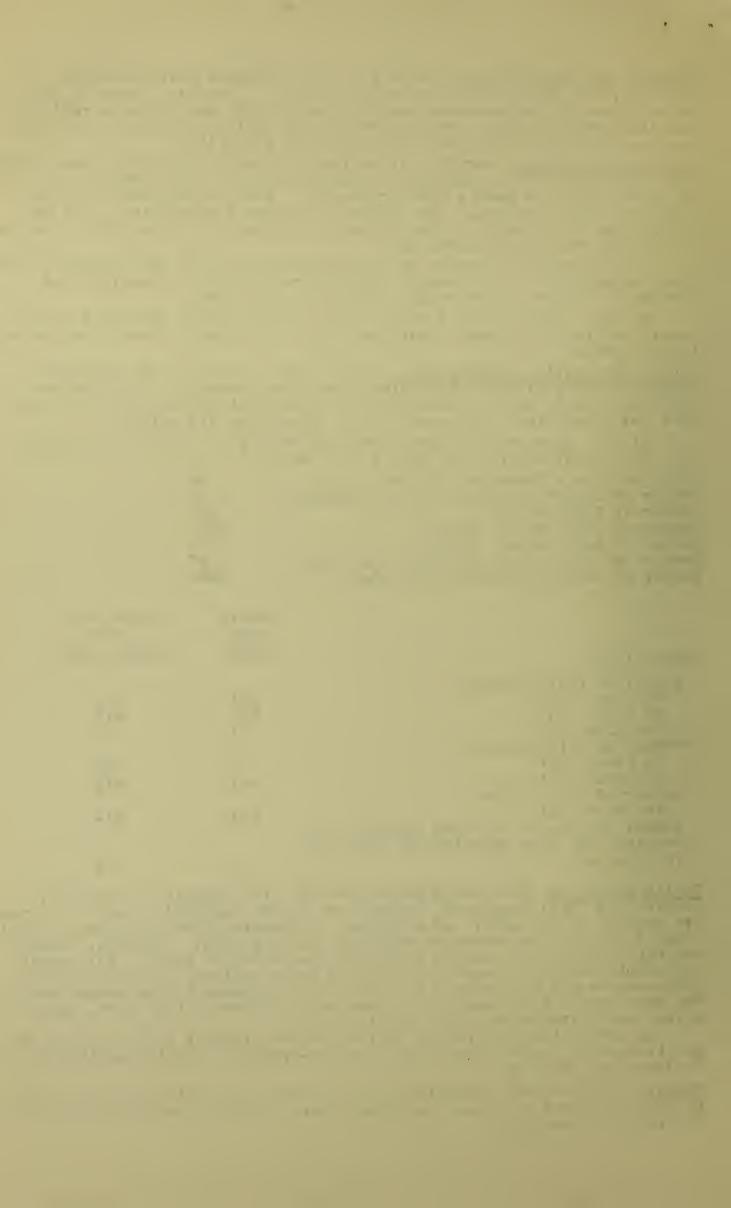
Conversions:-	During year 1948	During five years 1944 - 1948
Number of Privy Closets:		
To fresh W.C's	Nil	Nil
To waste W.C's	Nil	Nil
To pails, etc.	1	5
Number of Pail Closets:		
to fresh W.C's	6	55
to waste W.C's	Nil	Nil
Number of Waste W.C's:		
to fresh W.C's	Nil	Nil
Number of houses at which moveable		
ashbins have been substituted for fixed receptacles		
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	4	31

Public Cleansing The scavenging of streets, the emptying of Ashpits, ashbins and pail closets is carried out by the Council's staff. Cesspools are emptied by the owners or occupiers of properties with cesspools. All adopted streets are scavenged at least once per week. Ashpits, ashbins and Pail Closets are emptied weekly by the Council's staff. All ashpit and ashbin refuse is removed in covered motor vehicles to the Council's destructor which is situated in Altear Lane adjacent to the Sewage Works. The contents of Pail Closets are removed in a covered tank cart, motor drawn, and disposed of in the public sewer.

In connection with refuse collection and disposal I give on page 17 particulars of income from Salvage and By-Products, kindly supplied by the

Engineer and Surveyor.

Schools. The sanitary conditions of the schools are fairly satisfactory. During the summer vacation all schools were inspected and disinfected where considered necessary.



Shops Act, 1934 Action taken in two instances to secure the repair and cleansing of Sanitary Conveniences. The general condition of shops within the district is satisfactory.

Camping Sites One site was licensed on the south side of Lifeboat Road close to the foreshore. The estimated maximum number of campers at one time during the season was 400 - 500.

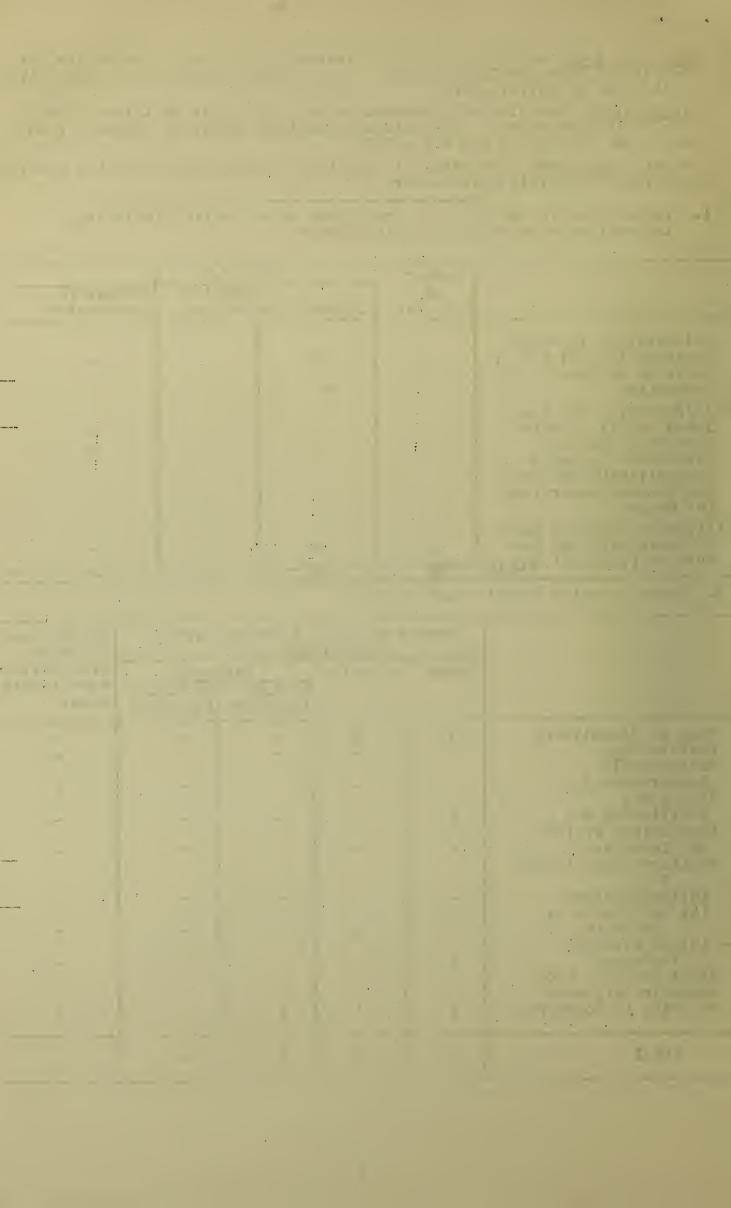
Factories Act, 1937 Periodical inspections have been made and the general conditions are fairly satisfactory.

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors)

	Number	Nu	mber of	
	on Register	Inspections	Writ ten Noti ces	Occupiers Prosecuted.
(i)Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 & 6 are enforced by Local Authority.	28	34	-	-
<pre>(ii)Factories not inc- luded in (i) to which Section 7 applies, (a)Subject to Local Authorities(Transfer of Enforcement)Order,1938 (b) Others</pre>	-	-	-	-
iii)Other Premises under the Act(excluding Out- workers Premises) TOTAL	4	5 39	•••	e - Collection Constitution of Section Constitution (Constitution Constitution Cons

2. Cases in which defects were found

	Numbe	No.of cases in which			
	Found		Refe To H.M. Inspector	By H.M.	prosecutions Were instit- uted.
Want of Cleanliness Overcrowding Unreasonable	1 -	1 -	-	- -	. - -
temperature S.3 Inadequate ventilation S.4	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors S.6 Sanitary Conveniences S.7	-	-	-	-	-
(a)insufficient (b) unsuitable or	-	-	_	-	-
defective (c)not seperate	3	3	-	-	-
for sexes Other offences (not including offences	-	-	-	_	-
relating to Homework)	1	1	1	-	-
T OT AL	5	5	1	-	-



Sanitary Inspections

Number of premises visited

Defects or nuisances

Number discovered 59 Number abated

55

Notices served

Informal 59. Statutory 9.

Housing

The Council have now erected under the Housing Acts, 136 houses -Four in Brows Lane; sixteen in Watchyard Lane; fourteen in Whitehouse Lane; twenty in Whitehouse Avenue; thirty-two in New Road and fifty in Alderson Crescent.

The sanitary condition of many houses has been improved and a number of structural repairs have been carried out under the Public Health and Housing Acts. Under the present day difficulties, quite good progress has been made, but there still remains much to be done. On the 31st December, 1948, according to the Rate Book, the number of houses in the district was 2900.

Number of new houses erected during the year:-

By Local Authority 34

By other Local Authorities (2) Nil

By other Bodies or Persons

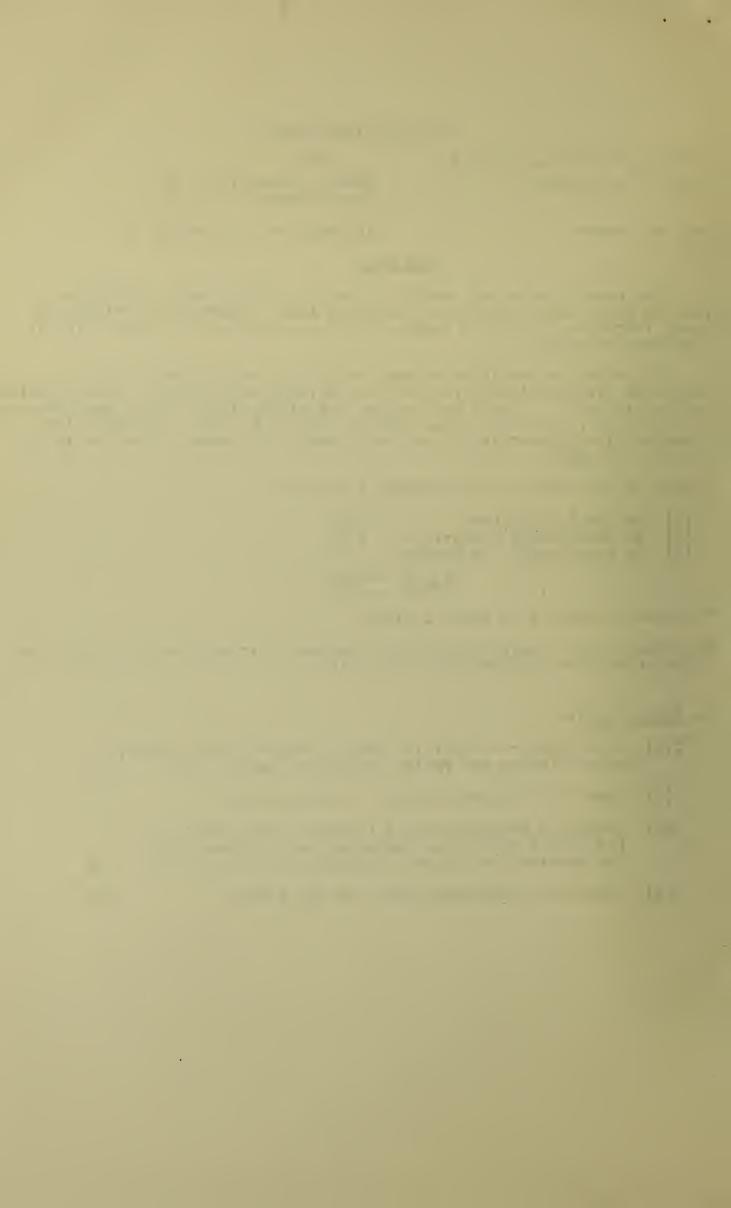
TOTAL 35

Five houses altered to make 11 flats.

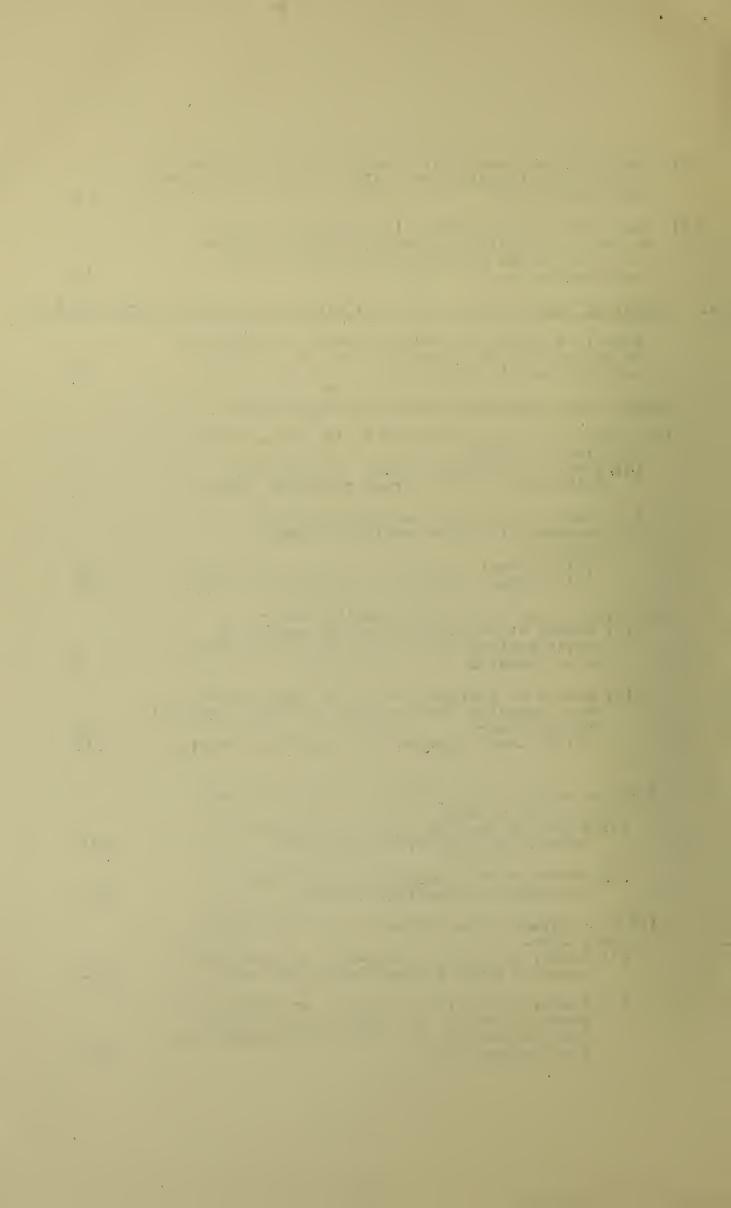
The Council have acquired land and a scheme is in hand for 22 houses and negotiations are in hand for further sites.

1. Inspections:-

- Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing 1(a) defects (under the Public Health or Housing Acts) 29
 - Number of inspections made for the purpose (b) 32
- 2(a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations 1925 and 1932 10
 - (b) Number of inspections made for the purpose 12



	(3)	Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	1
	(4)	Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	11
3.	<u> F</u>	Remedy of defects during the year without service of fo	rmal notices
		Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their officers	9
5 .	A	action under Statutory Powers during the year:-	
	(a) Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936, (1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	1
		(2) Number of dwelling houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:-	
		(a) By owner (b) By Local Authority in default of owners	l Nil
		 (b) Proceedings under Public Health Acts:- (1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied 	8
		 (2) Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:- (a) By Owners (b) By Local Authority in default of Owners 	7 Nil
9		(c) Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Acts, 1936. (1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	Nil
		(2) Number of dwelling houses demolished in persuance of Demolition Orders	Nil
		 (d) Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936. (1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms of which Closing Orders were made 	Nil
		(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having	
		been rendered fit.	Nil



- 4. Housing Act, 1936 Part IV Overcrowding.
 - (a) (i) Number of dwellings overcrowded at end of the year (ii) Number of families dwelling therein 52 (iii) Number of persons dwelling therein 208
 - (b) Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year 5
 - (c) (i) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year 21
 - (ii) Number of persons concerned in such cases 84

The \mathbb{W}_{a} r is the chief cause of overcrowding. House building ceased and a number of people evacuated themselves and came to live with relatives or rent rooms and newly married couples who cannot find houses.

A good many of these people who evacuated themselves carnot return due to the shortage of houses in their own district and others have no desire to return. There is a definite shortage of houses of the 950 to 1000 super feet class. The minimum number required is approximately 200 to 250.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

Cowsheds and Dairies. All cowsheds, etc. have been visited regularly and the general conditions are fairly good.

Number of inspections: - 44

Number of samples submitted for Biological Test for Tuberculosis 8 kesult:- Positive, Nih. Negative:- 8

Number of samples submitted for Bacteriological Examination Result: - Satisfactory, 5 Unsatisfactory, 1.

Sediment Tests

Number of samples, 22. Satisfactory 19. Unsatisfactory 3.

The Milk (Special Designation) Regulations 1936 to 1946. Licences issued.

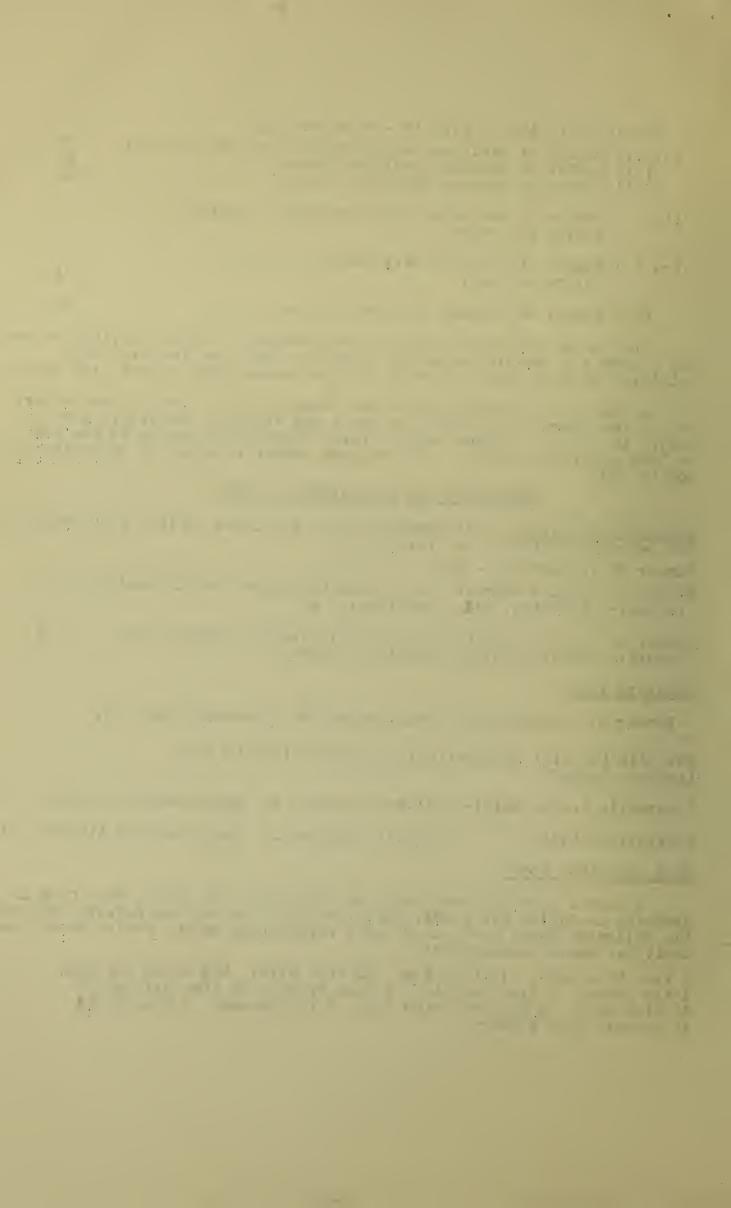
Tuberculin Tested Milk: - Dealers' Licences 5. Supplementary Licences 2.

Pasteurised Milk:- Dealer's Licence 1. Supplementary Licences 2.

Meat and other Foods

A number of visits were made to food shops and places were food is prepared including the NAAFI, Harington Barracks and the RAF. Station and the following foods were surrendered voluntarily by the owners when found unfit for human consumption:-

3 tins Marmalade; 17 tins Jam; 20 tins Milk; $13\frac{1}{2}$ Bacon and Ham; 1 tin Bacon; 1 tin Apricots; 4 tins Grapes; 4 tins Pilchards; 16 Tins Soup; 4 Packets Dried Egg; 1 tin Salmon; 4 tins Meat; 14 packets Soup Powder.



Prevalence of, and Control over, Infectious Diseases.

During the year 127 cases of infectious disease (other than tuberculosis) were notified and 7 of these were removed to hospital. There were 116 cases of Whooping Cough and Measles the majority of which were notified during the first and last quarter of the year. Other infectious diseases numbered 11 which is exceptionally low and were spread out throughout the year. The total number of 127 for the year is very satisfactory.

All contacts were kept under observation and no Scarlet Fever 'return cases' were discovered.

The removal to hospital and all disinfection was carried out in a very efficient manner under the supervision of the Sanitary Inspector.

During the year 37 houses and 2 schools were disinfected, the methods employed being Formulin fumigation and spray. All articles (bedding, clothing, etc.) exposed to infection are removed to and disinfected at the Council's Disinfecting Station in a Bacterol Disinfector.

Number of Articles treated 892 Number of articles destroyed at request of owners 9 Disinfection on Charge:- Houses 1. Bedding etc., number of articles 101 Tuberculosis shelter, 1.

DISINFEST AT ION

Disinfestation has been carried out at 6 houses. Method employed:-Hivey and Cimex Fumigation and McDougall's Insectiside.

IMMUNIZATION

All new residents at St.Peter's College and St.Geroge's Industrial School are immunized against diphtheria. The Council had an immunization scheme for diphtheria in operation for all children which terminated on the 4th July, 1948 when the National Health Service Act came into force.

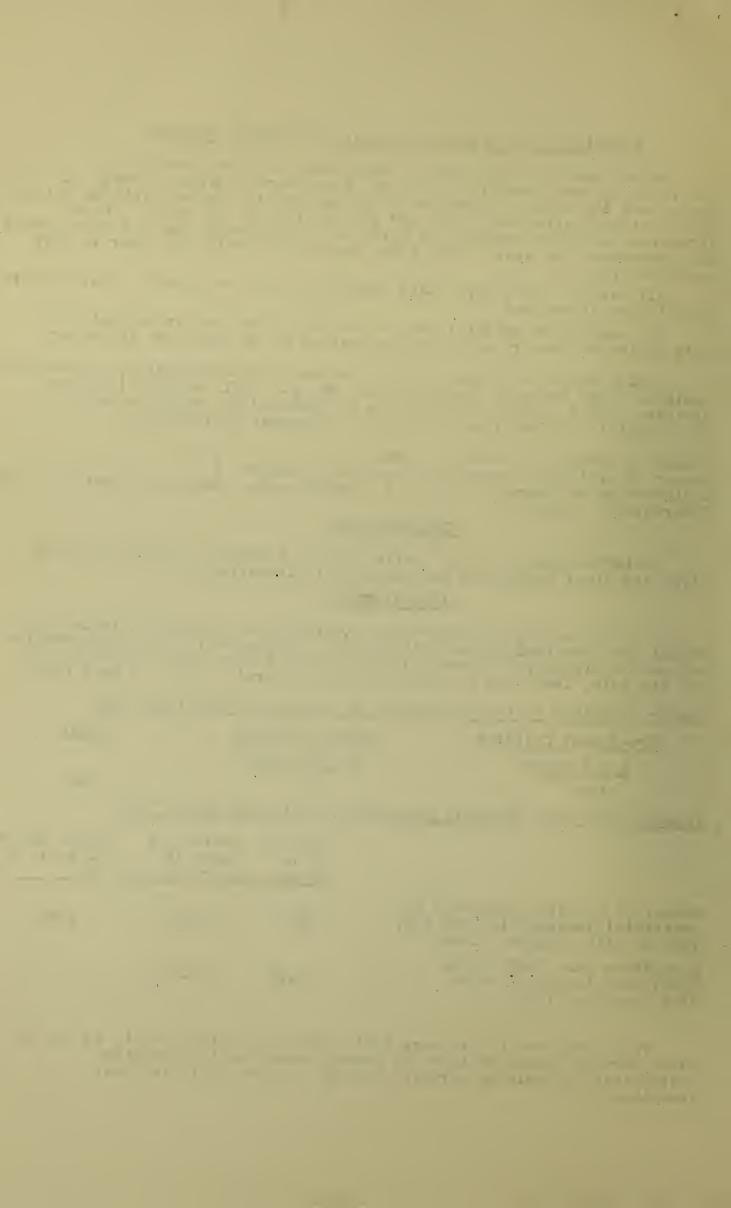
Number Immunized during the period 1st January to 4th July, 1948

Pre-School Children	School Children	Total
<u>0 - 4 years</u>	<u>5 - 14 years</u>	
123	59	182

Immunization state of child population at 31st December, 1948

•	•	Over 5 and under 15 years of age	Total under 15 years of age.
Number of children protected by artificial immunization 1st Jan. 1931 to 31st December, 1948	450	1117	1567
Percentage mid. 1948, child population immunized up to 31st December, 1948	59.63	80.88	

The above results are very satisfactory and great credit is due to Nurse Murray, Health Visitor and School Nurse who is primarily responsible for gaining parents' consent to have their children immunized.



Cases of Infectious Disease (other than Tuberculosis) notified during the year 1948.

	Total cases at all ages	Under 1	1	2	3	4	5	10	15	20	35	65 and over	Total	Total cases remov- ed to hosp.
Scarlet Fever Diphtheria Measles Whooping	7 1 64	ટ	4	11	6	6	5 1 28	ಬ 5	1		1			4 1
Cough Pneumonia Acute Poliomelitis	52 2 1	3	4	3	5 1	4	31 1	ಬ		1				1
Total	127	5	8	14	12	10	66	9	1	1	1	dem		7

TUBERC ULOS IS

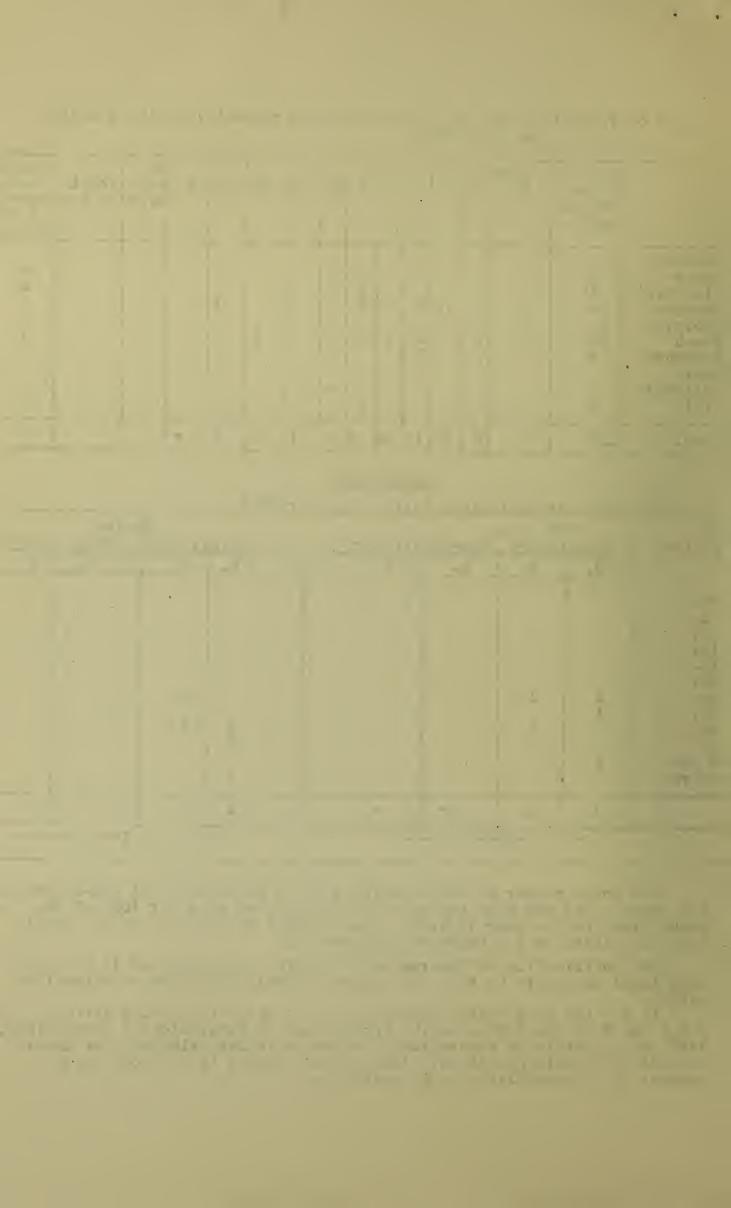
New ca	ses and	Mortality	during	the	year	1948
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Age Periods		ew case			Deaths						
Periods	Respi	ratory	Non-Res	piratory	Resp	i rato ry	Non-Res	n-Respirator			
	M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.			
0. 1. 5. 10. 15. 20. 25. 35. 45. 55. 65 and upwards.	1 1	1			1 1	2		•			
	3	2	-	-	3	3	-	-			

The total number of cases notified was 5 (Pulmonary and Non-Pulmonary) The average for the past ten years is 8.8 and the rate per 1000 of the population for the year is 0.52. On the 31st December, 1948 the total cases remaining on the Register numbered 25.

The notification of Tuberculosis is quite efficient and it has not been found necessary to take any action for wilful neglect or refusal to notify.

It has not been found necessary to take any action under Articles 3,5,6 and 7 of the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) kegulations, 1925, which relate to tuberculosis employees in the Milk Trade or under Section 172 Public Health Act, 1936, which relates to the compulsory removal of a tubercular case to hospital.



<u>CAUSES OF DEATH IN FORMBY URBAN DISTRICT</u> <u>1948</u>

	Males	Females
Causes of Death (Civilians only)		
Tuberculosis Respiratory System	3	3
Cancer of stomach and duodenum	ĭ	ĩ
Cancer of the Breast	_	1.
Cancer of all other sites	6	
Diabetes	**	3 1 6
Intra-Cranial Vascular Lisions	1	6
Heart Diseases	21	22
Other Diseases of circulatary system	3	-
Bronchitis	2	1
Pneumonia	1	-
Other Respiratory Diseases	2	1
Ulcer of Stomach or duodenum	1	2
Other digestive diseases	1	2
Niphritis	2	-
Con:mal:birth Inj: Infant Diseases	_	1
Suicide	1	1
Road traffic accident	2	-
Other violent causes	2	2
All other causes	2	3
	51	50
	101	

THE RATS AND MICE DESTRUCTION ACT 1919 AND THE INFESTATION ORDER 1943 (SRO.No.680)

The operative appointed under the above Order has made a careful inspection of the district. A number of Minor Infestations were found and the necessary action was taken. The results have been very satisfactory.



MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE

The Maternity and Child Welfare is administered by the County Council in conjunction with a Local Ladies' Committee.

The premises are situated at the Gild Hall, Church Road, Formby, and a clinic is held every Wednesday afternoon from 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. for children under 5 years of age.

The Superintendent attends weekly and the Medical Officer fortnightly.

fortnightly.

An ante-natal clinic is held on alternate Thursdays from 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

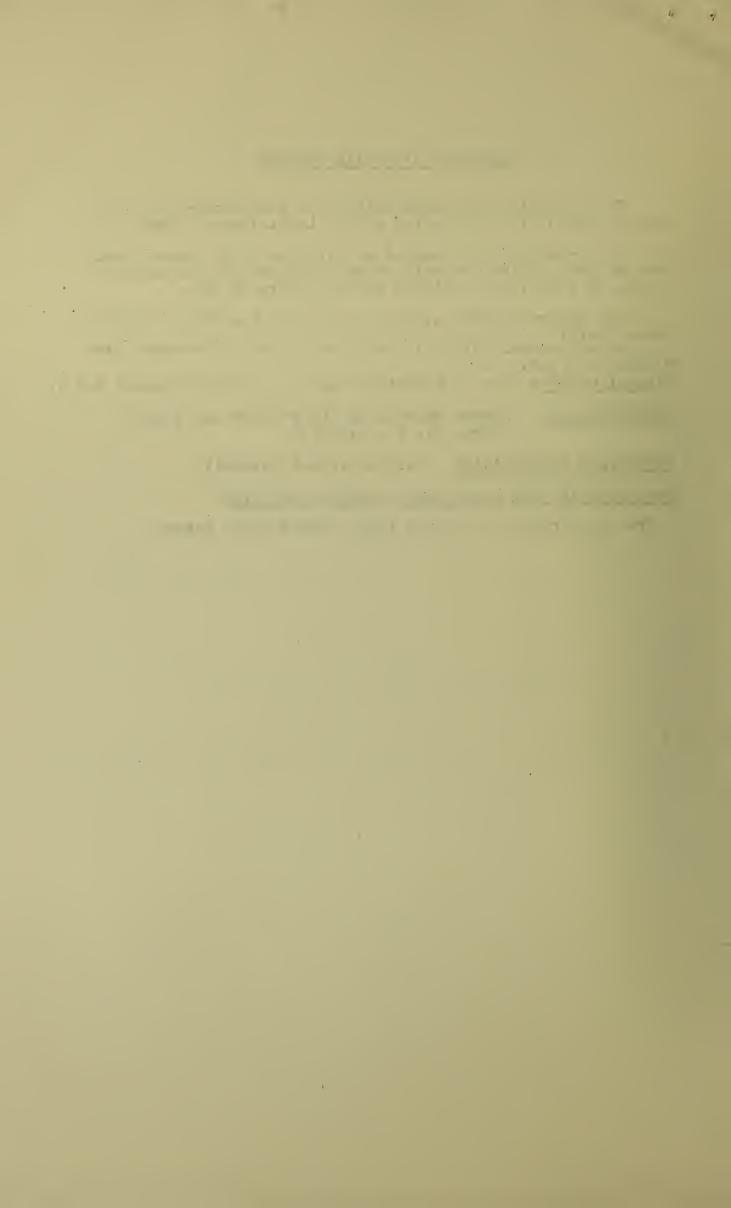
MEDICAL OFFICER - Dr. C.Robertson Wilson, Assistant County M.O.H.

SUPERINTENDENT - Nurse Murray, Health Visitor and School Nurse for the District.

CONSULTANT OBSTETRICIAN - Dr. Mackintosh Marshall.

HON. SECRETARY AND TREASURER OF LADIES COMMITTEE-

Mrs. D.C. Brander, Hesketh Lodge Brows Lane, Formby



FORMBY URBAN DISTRICT REFUSE DESTRUCTOR

INCOME FROM SALVAGE AND SALE OF BY-PRODUCTS

MATERIALS	Weight for 12 months		Value for 12 months			Va	erage alue month
	Tons	.Cwts.	£.	Tons	.Cwts.	£.	S.
Waste Paper	79.	16.	514	6.	13.	42.	17.
Ferous Metals					language per per per per per per per per per pe		
(1) Black Scrap	20.	9.	33.	1.	14.	2.	15.
(2) Baled Tin	92.	13.	160.	7.	14.	13.	7.
Non-Ferous Metals					7 /		
Copper	-	2.	5.	-	1/6	-	8
Lead	_	1	3.	-	1/12	-	5
Aluminium	-	- 1	2	-	1/12	are.	3
Textiles		4	7		1/3	-	12
Bottles and Jars	1.	14	20		3	1.	13.
Cullet	15.	12.	11.	1.	6.	_	19.
Clinker Asphalte	280.	7.	366.	23.	7.	30.	10.
Dustphalte	221.	6.	445.	19.	5.	37.	1.
Rough Clinker	134.	7.	27.	11.	4.	2.	5.
Crushed Clinker	11.	6.	3.		19.		5.
Verge Slabs	1629 3	rards.	96.		13 6 yds	8.	0.
TOTAL VALUE			£1,692	-		£141	. • 0 •

M. G. GARRY. L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.M.

Medical Officer of Health.

